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Managing CO2 in rural America

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TRI-STATE G&T

A Touchstone Energy®
Cooperative



Managing CO₂ in Rural America

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Chief Compliance Officer



Outline

- The cooperative difference
- The CO₂ challenge
- Minimizing the emissions from our current fleet
- Growing our renewables portfolio
- Filling the gap with R&D



The Cooperative Difference



The Cooperative Difference

	Investor-Owned Utility	Cooperative
How are rates set?	By regulators	By member-owners
Structure	For-profit	Not-for-profit



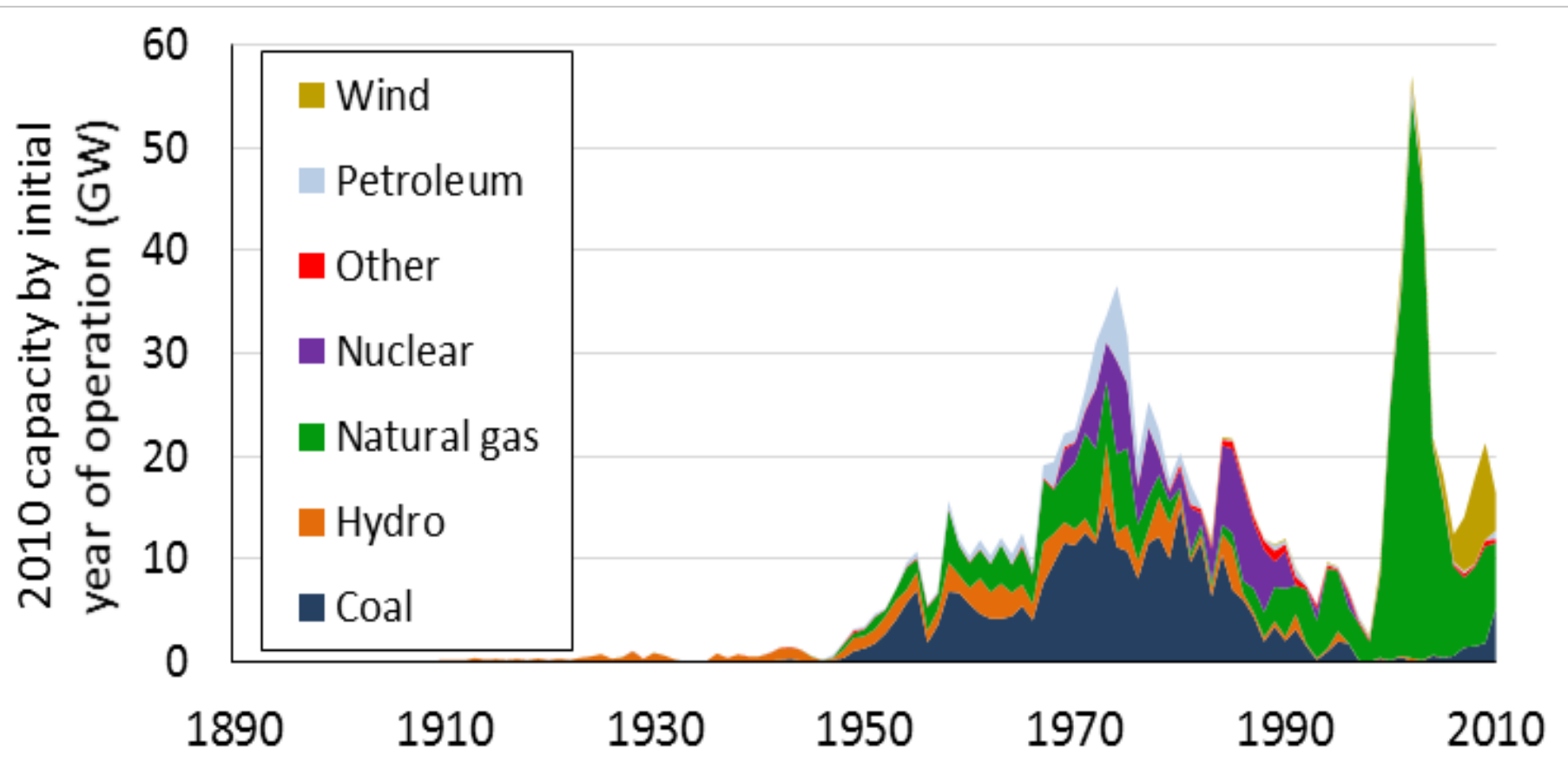


The Cooperative Difference

- Deliver 11% of US power
- Employ about 70,000 people
- Less affluent customer base
- Part of the communities we serve
- Not-for-profit

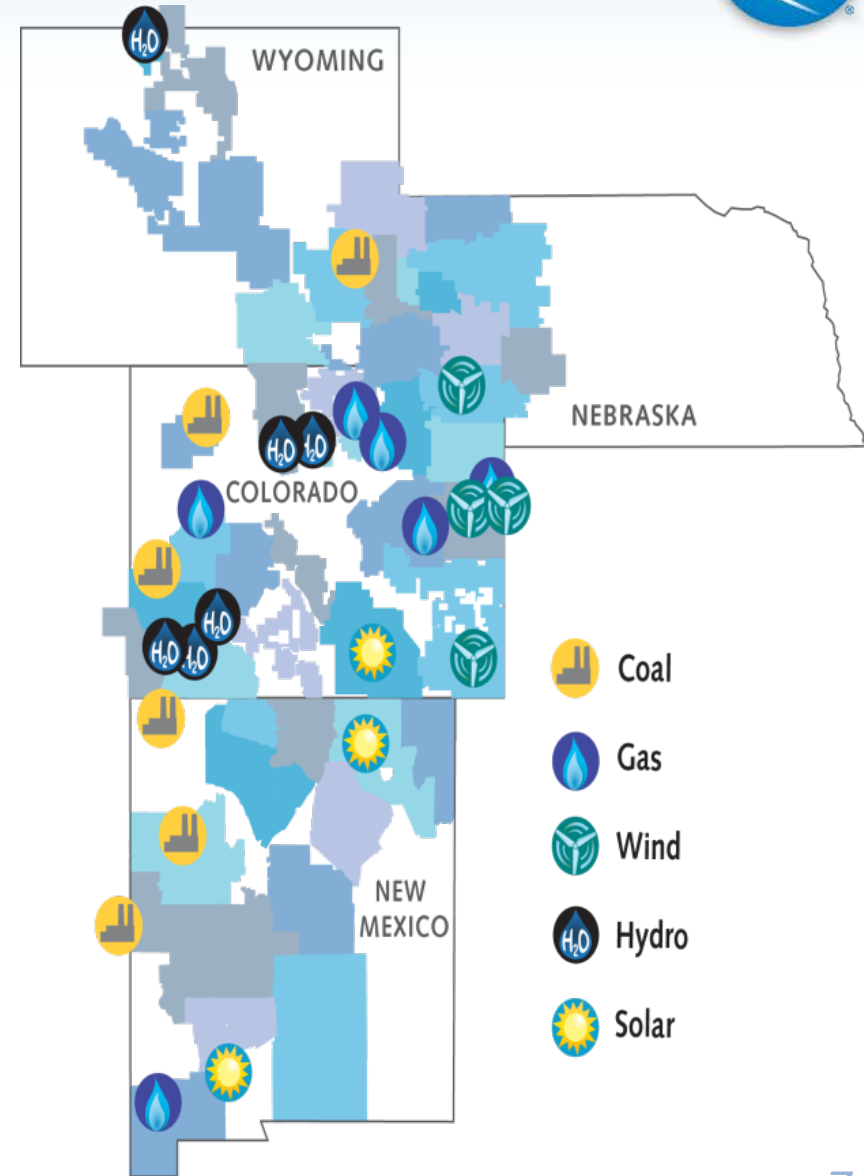


The Cooperative Fleet



Tri-State G&T

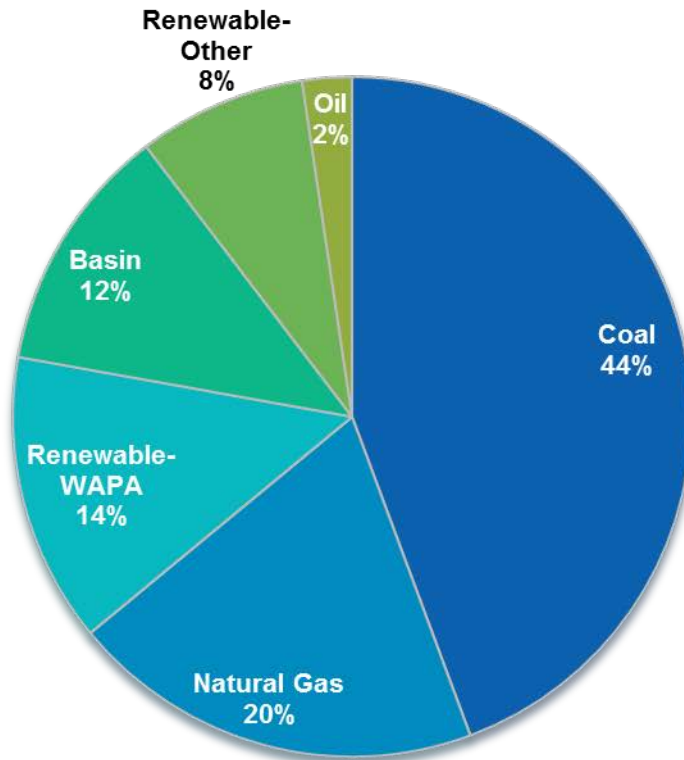
- 1,875 MW baseload coal
- 867 MW intermediate and peaking natural gas
- 100 MW peaking oil-fired
- Renewables
 - ~580 MW federal hydro (2014)
 - Wind PPAs totaling 368 MW of capacity
 - Solar PPAs for 85 MW capacity
 - PPAs for 25 MW of capacity from small hydroelectric facilities
 - Tri-State supports, through incentives, a total of 79 MW from member renewable projects
- Member of Basin Electric for a total of 561 MW (2014)





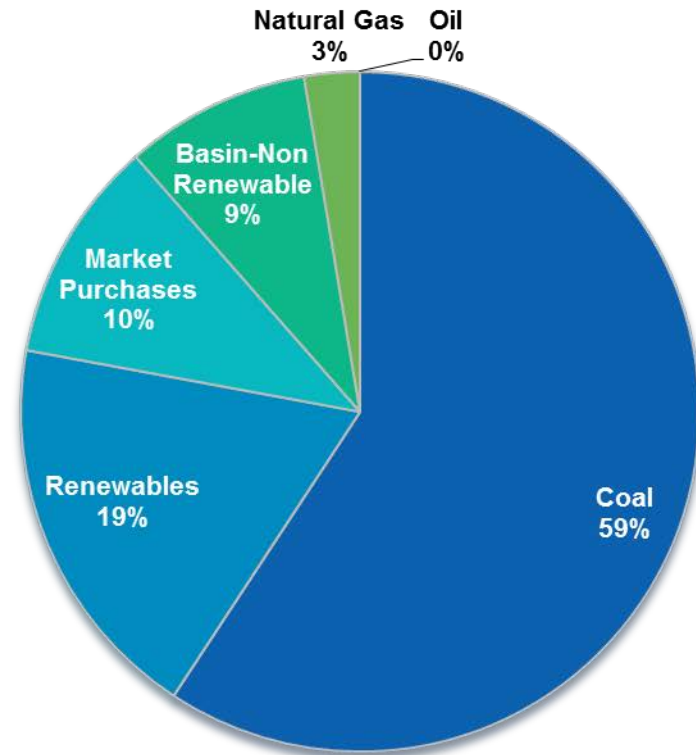
Tri-State's Generation Fleet

2015 Capacity



Total GWh: 4,229

2015 Energy Supply



Total GWh: 19,413



The CO₂ Challenge



The CO₂ Challenge

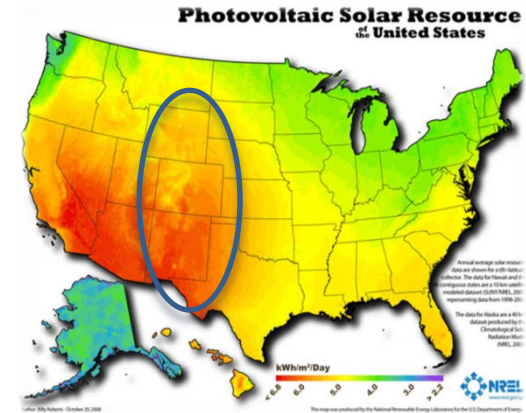
- Criteria emissions from coal-fired power plants in the US have dropped 90% per kWh while capacity increased over 180%
- It is difficult to replicate this success for CO₂ because of the difference in scale
- Tri-State is advancing collaborative R&D
- More cost-effective solutions are needed to meet pending and future regulations



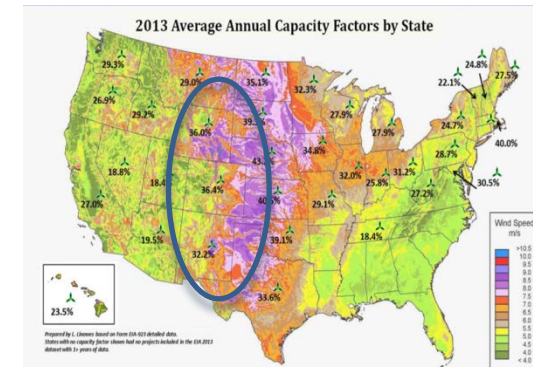
Low Cost Renewable Potential

- Significant wind and solar resources in Tri-State region
- Solar and wind can be complimentary
- Higher capacity factors lead to lower electric production cost and less intermittency
- Our wind and solar capacity factors are above national averages, and our average PPA prices are at or below national averages

Average Solar Resource Data



Average Annual Capacity Factors for Wind (2013)



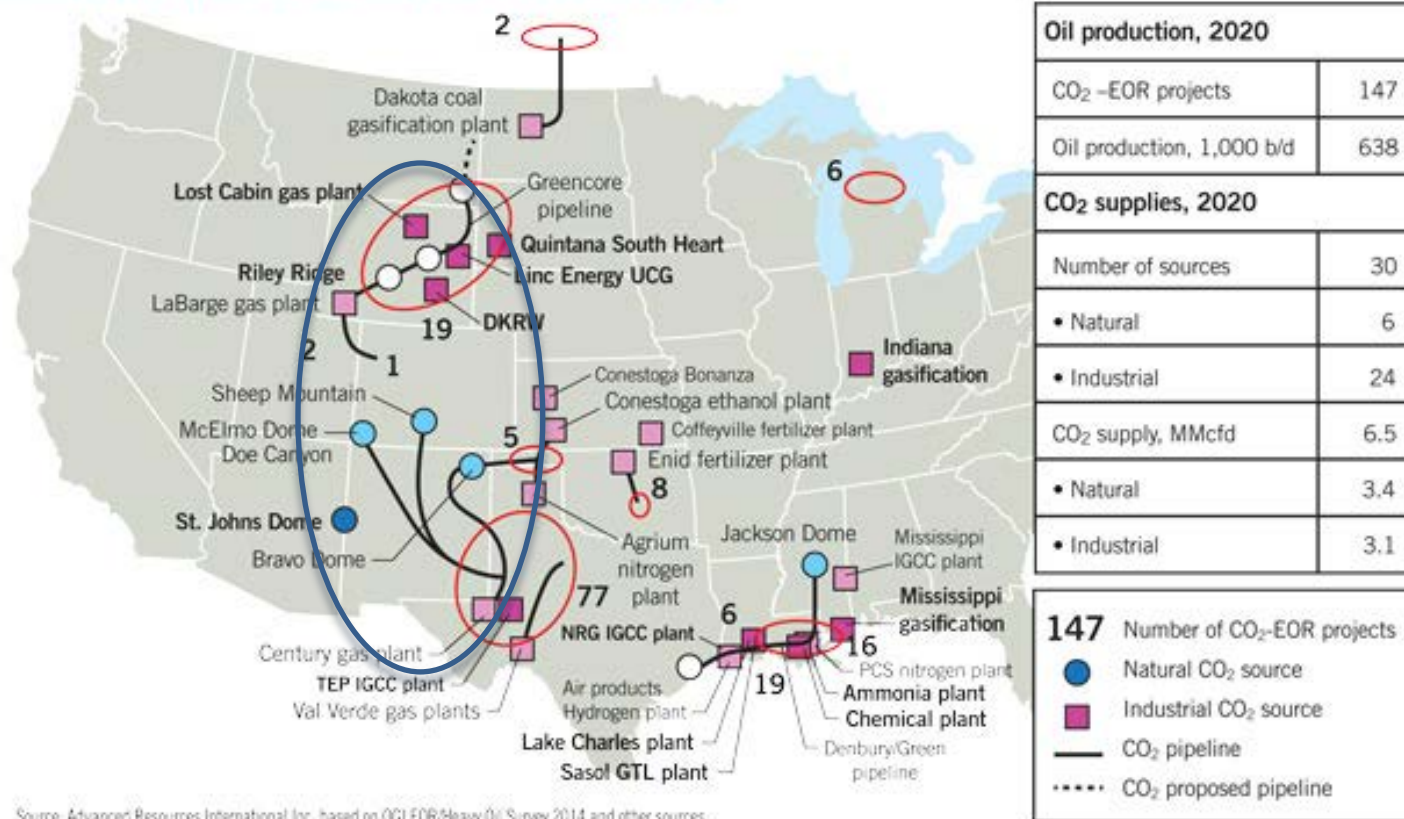
Source: <http://instituteenergyresearch.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/09/avg-annual-capacity-wind-action.png>

Access to Projected CO₂-EOR Pipelines



PROJECTED CO₂, EOR OPERATIONS, AND CO₂ SOURCES: 2020

FIG. 4



Source: Advanced Resources International Inc. based on OGI EOR/Heavy Oil Survey 2014 and other sources.

*Image courtesy of Advanced Resources International

Surrounded by Potential CO₂ Storage



*Image courtesy of DOE NETL



Minimizing Emissions From Our Current Fleet



Our Existing Fleet

- Existing baseload fleet has been retrofitted
- Maintained to ensure high-efficiency operation





Fleet Emission Reductions Since 2009



Plant and Select Project	Annual CO ₂ Reduction (tons/yr)
Craig 1-2 Yampa Environmental Project	207,737
Craig 1 HP-IP turbine project	55,646
Escalante turbine heat project	68,459

Estimated a total of 3,380,836 tons CO₂ saved to date

Another 224,036 tons CO₂/yr saving opportunities are planned

Additional 1,316,957 tons CO₂/yr opportunities identified

Our efficiency improvements have resulted in substantial emissions reductions.

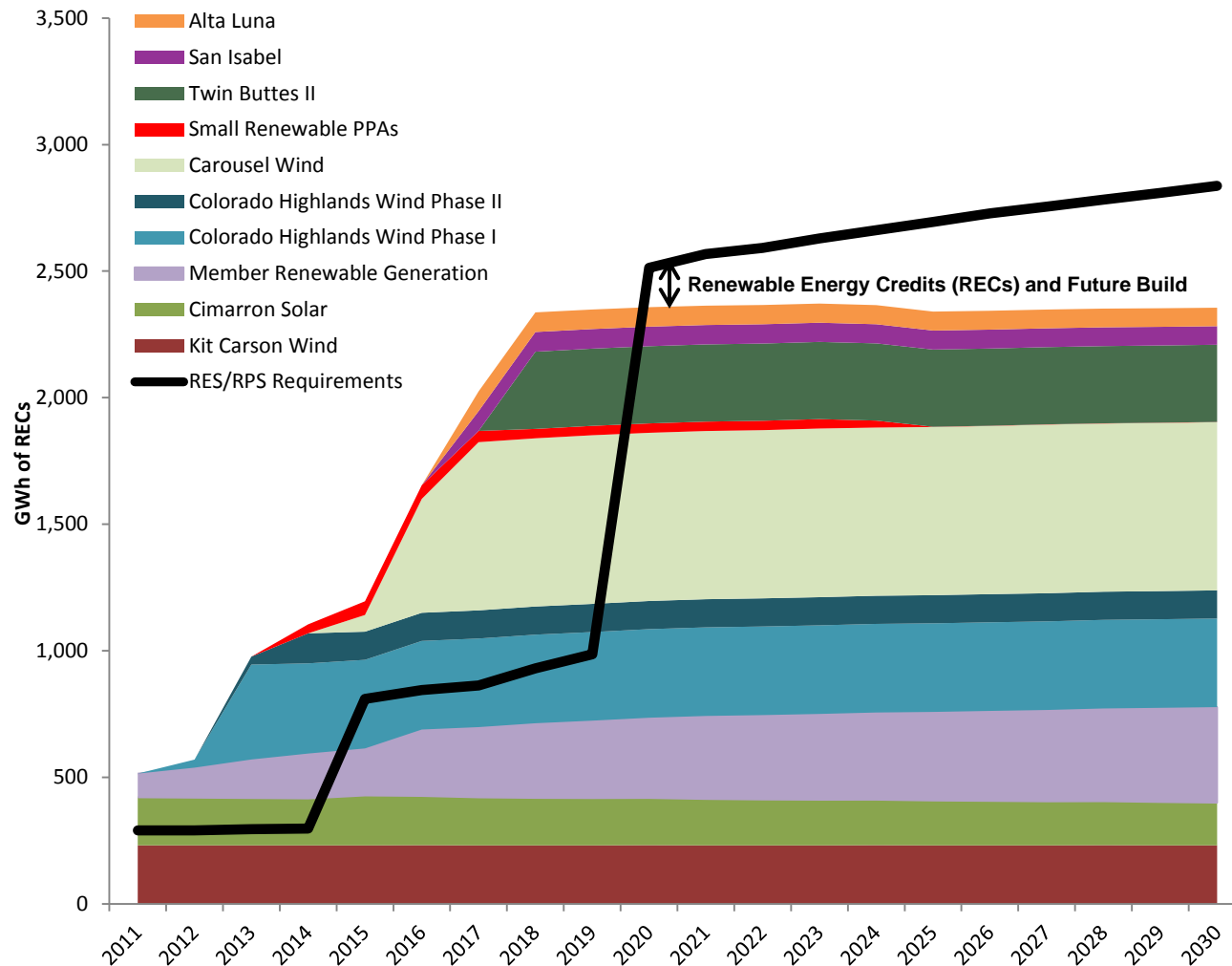


Growing Our Renewables Portfolio

Investing in Renewables



RES/RPS Requirements for Colorado and New Mexico



TRI-STATE WAS NAMED 2014 WIND COOPERATIVE OF THE YEAR IN THE GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION COOPERATIVE CATEGORY.
U.S. Department of Energy

79 MW
MEMBER
RENEWABLE AND
DISTRIBUTED
GENERATION

1,140 MW
OF TOTAL
RENEWABLE
RESOURCES



Filling the Gap

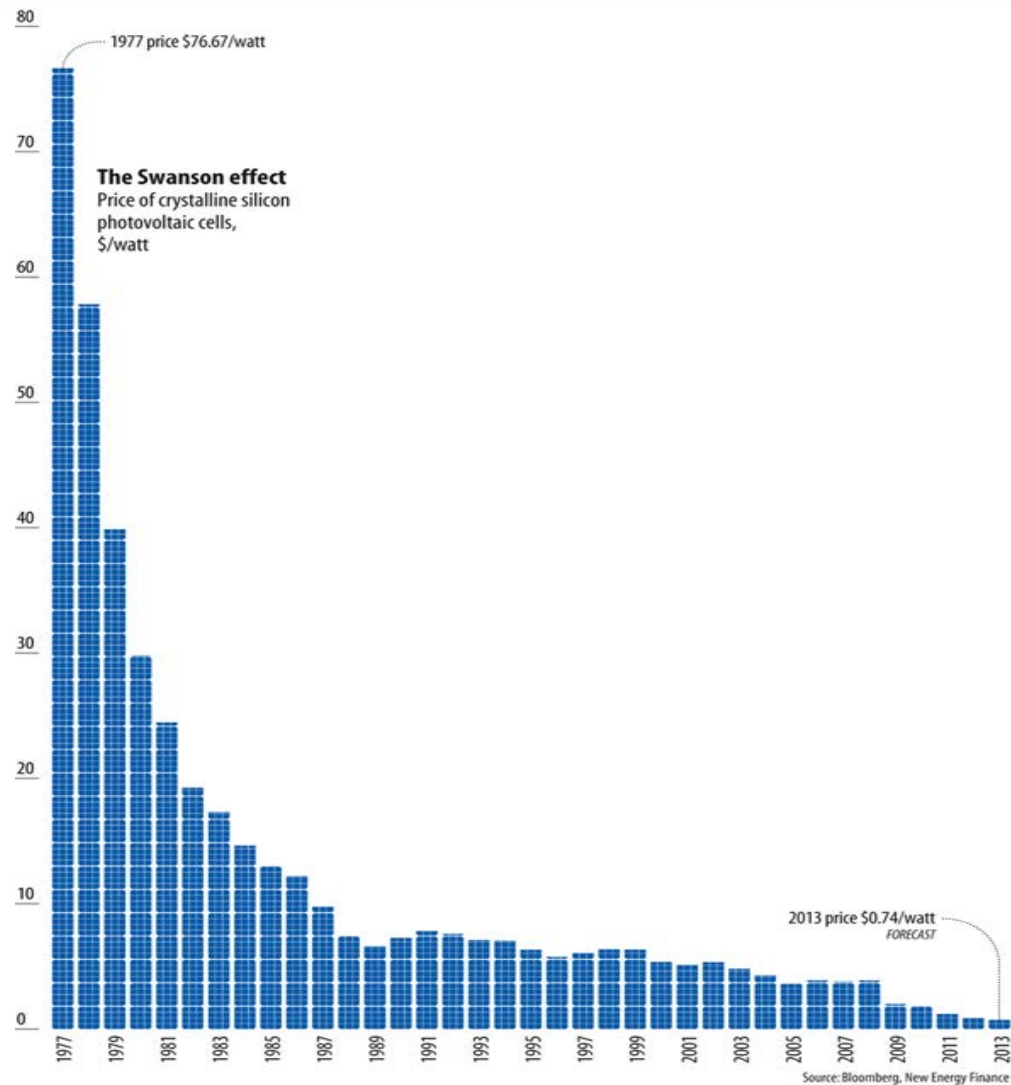


R&D Through Collaboration





Solar





Investing in CCUS

- Tri-State is contributing \$5M in the Wyoming Integrated Test Center (ITC)
- The ITC will provide actual coal-fired flue gas to CCUS technology developers
- XPRIZE will be the first tenant of the ITC





Dakota Gasification Plant

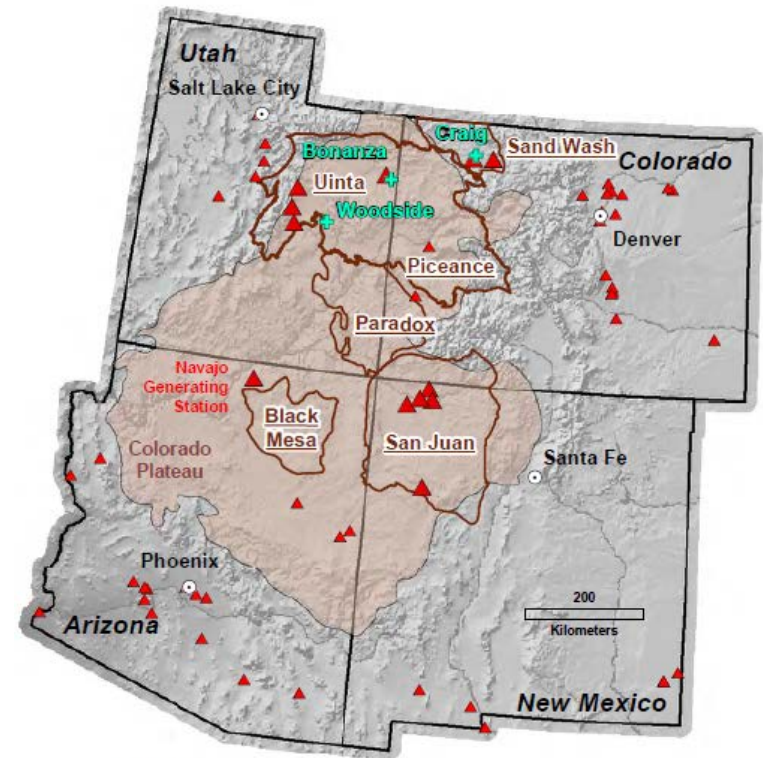
- Captures between 2.5 and 3 million tons CO₂ per year
- As of the start of 2011, the project had captured more than 20 million tons of CO₂



Rocky Mountain Carbon Capture and Sequestration Participant



- Study from 2009–2013
- Team also included
 - Schlumberger
 - University of Utah
 - Colorado Geological Survey
- Focused on Colorado Plateau
- Mid-case estimated 150 years storage at current emission rates



Legend

Locations

Project Study Site

State Capital

Significant Colorado Plateau Power Plants

Four-Corner-States Power Plants

Sedimentary Basins

Colorado Plateau



No-Regret Solutions

- Investing in user-side energy efficiency for decades
- R&D efforts on demand-side management and energy storage



ETS room



ETS house



ETS industrial



Filling the Gap

- Additional R&D is necessary to develop technologies that can meet stricter emissions limits, provide reliable power, and keep electricity affordable
- Tri-State and other cooperatives are potential end users and R&D partners
- Ability to be an all-of-the-above technology deployer for cost-effective technologies



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