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The use of lanthanum (La+3) and Cerium (Ce+3) ions as phosphate activators in low grade phosphate flotation

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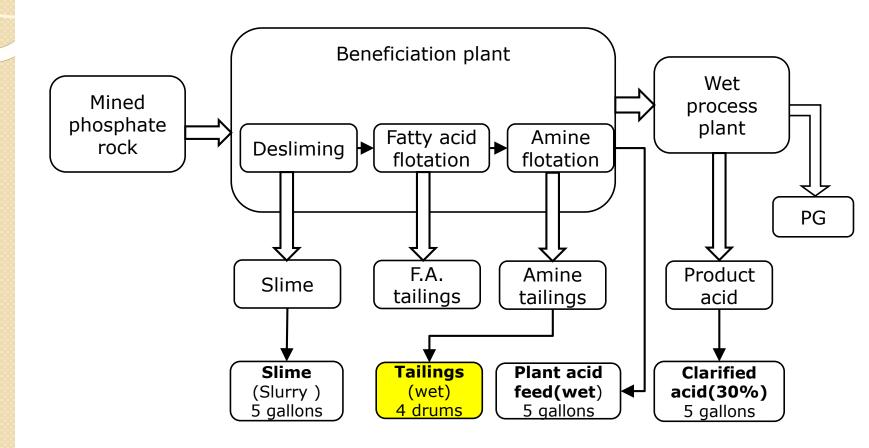




The use of lanthanum (La⁺³) and cerium (Ce⁺³) ions as phosphate activators in low grade phosphate flotation

Salah Al-Thyabat Patrick Zhang

Samples Preparation



Samples Preparation

- Amine tailings (AT):
 - □5 kg were separated from each drum.
 - □Drying in oven (105 c) for 24 hrs
 - Mixing, quartering and conning,
 - splitting into 5 kg fractions in a sealed plastic bags,
 - □representative sample were chosen for sieve size and chemical analysis.

Flotation tests

- Mechanical flotation(Denver D-12C)
- ■Conditioning at 57% solids
- Conditioning time with activator for 2min
- Conditioning for extra 5 min with collector.
- pulp diluted to 25 %
- ■Flotation for 5 min.
- Cleaning and scavenging flotation conducted for 5 min.

Flotation reagents

- The collector (Oil1):
 - ■waste oil saponified with diluted soda ash solution (2%).[40 g/L)
 - 10 ml of 3M TBP (99% TBP diluted with Kerosene) was added.
- The activator (Act1):
 - \square 10 ml La⁺³ standard(1000ppm)
 - □10ml Ce⁺³ standard(1000ppm)
 - ■50ml of 2% soda ash

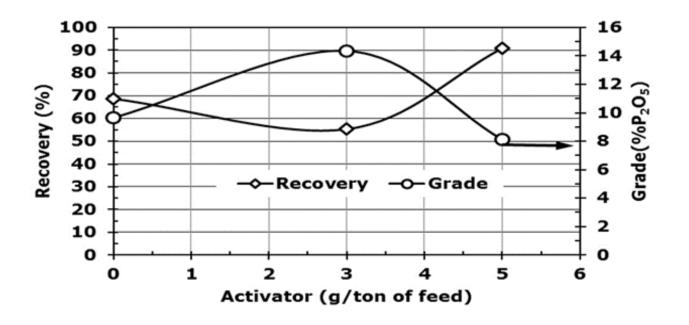
Feed characteristics

• $D_{50} = 150 \mu m, D_{100} = 250 \mu m$

Size (µm)	%wt	%wt						
		P_2O_5	CaO	MgO	Al_2O_3	Fe_2O_3	A.I	LOI
-250+210	10.6	1.8	2.2	0.01	0.48	0.15	91.3	
-210+177	10.0	1.6	2.2	0.01	0.30	0.14	92.5	
-177+149	25.3	2.0	3.1	0.01	0.17	0.19	90.2	
-149+105	39.5	3.2	5.0	0.02	0.20	0.32	86.9	
-105+74	12.2	4.3	6.5	0.04	0.32	0.69	83.0	
-74+53	2.4	4.5	6.7	0.08	0.43	1.6	81.1	
feed		2.8	4.2	0.02	0.25	0.37	88.9	1.6

- Collector(1000g/tonne)activator dosage varied
 - □Concentrate grade increased by 50 %(9.5 to $14.5\% P_2O_5$).
 - ■Recovery increased from 70% to approximately 90%.

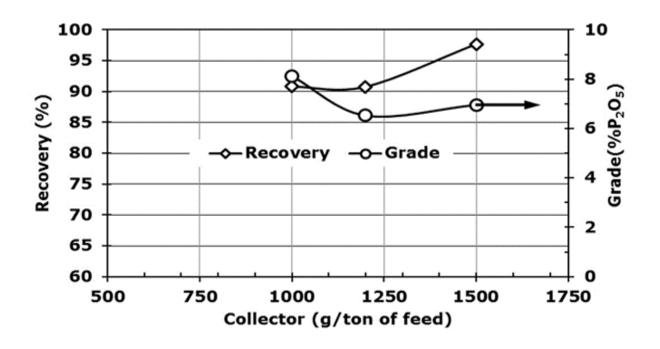
 Collector(1000g/tonne)activator dosage



The use of lanthanum (La+3) and ceríum (Ce+3) ions as phosphate activators in low grade phosphate flotation

- Activator(5g/tonne)- collector dosage varied
 - Concentrate grade slightly reduced(8.5- $7\% P_2O_5$) when collector dosage increased from 1000 to 1500g/tonne.
 - □ phosphate recovery slightly increased from 90% to 97%

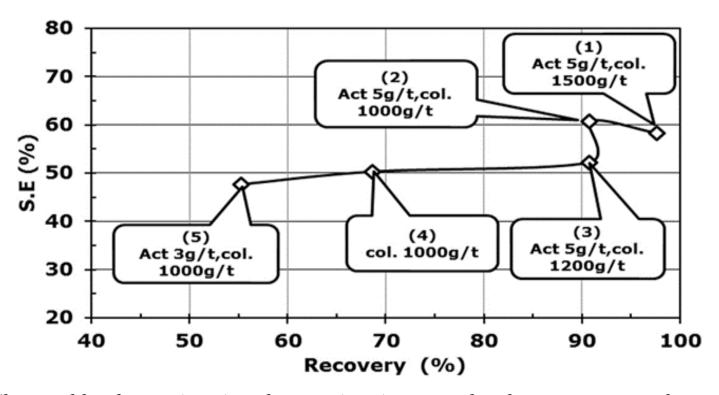
 Activator(5g/tonne)- collector dosage varied



The use of lanthanum (La+3) and ceríum (Ce+3) ions as phosphate activators in low grade phosphate flotation

- Separation efficiency & recovery
- Seperation Efficiency $(S.E) = P_2O_{5\ Recovery} Gangue_{Recovery}$
- □ highest separation efficiency at 5 g/tonne activator and 1000g/tonne collector.
- □ The highest concentrate grade and lowest recovery at 3g/t activator and 1000 g/t collector
- activator reduces collector consumption!!

Separation efficiency & recovery



The use of lanthanum (La+3) and ceríum (Ce+3) ions as phosphate activators in low grade phosphate flotation

 Collector-Activator & direct floation

	Fatty acid / waste oil (g)	TBP(g)	Kerosene/Fue I oil (g)	2% Soda ash(ml)
Fatty acid	2	**	1.3	50
Oil I	2	2	1.3	50

- Collector-Activator & direct flotation
- performance the fatty acid collector and the waste oil collector are identical(Test | &2).
- The addition of activator to waste oil collector increased concentrate grade by approximately 50%,but reducing recovery

- Collector-Activator & direct flotation
- collector selectivity was increased by the activator addition.!!!(require validation by adsorption tests).
- low recovery due activator dosage may be improved by scavenging flotation of the tailings%.

- Possible explanation for activatorcollector behavior (adsorption tests required).
 - \square The conditioning with the activator introduced La⁺³ and Ce⁺³ ions into the pulp.
 - ☐ The ions may attach selectively to phosphate particles due to similarity in size between these trivalent ions and calcium cations.
 - similarity causes isomorphs substitution with calcium cations, responsible for chemisorption between fatty acid collector and phosphate particles.
 - ☐ The solvent (TPB) works as complexing agent (bridge) between these trivalent and the fatty acid collector

 Possible explanation for activator-collector behavior (adsorption tests required).

