Engineering Conferences International ECI Digital Archives

Electric Field Assisted Sintering and Related Phenomena Far From Equilibrium

Proceedings

Winter 3-11-2016

Self-organized structure in current-activated pressure-assisted densification (CAPAD)

Sebastian Angst University of Duisburg-Essen

Follow this and additional works at: http://dc.engconfintl.org/efa_sintering Part of the <u>Engineering Commons</u>

Recommended Citation

[1] D. Schwesig et al., Nanotechnology 22(13):135601, 2011 [2] O. Guillon et al., Adv. Eng. Mater. 16(7):830, 2014 [3] S. Angst, D.E. Wolf, preprint (2015)

This Abstract is brought to you for free and open access by the Proceedings at ECI Digital Archives. It has been accepted for inclusion in Electric Field Assisted Sintering and Related Phenomena Far From Equilibrium by an authorized administrator of ECI Digital Archives. For more information, please contact franco@bepress.com.

Using nanostructured thermoelectrics led to a significant improvement of the figure of merit. An easily upscalable and cheap way of producing nanostructured bulk material is current-activated pressure-assisted densification (CAPAD). This process is quite complex and it has been shown that the powder morphology gives a feedback to the process itself [1,2]. We investigated the influence of particle properties of binary mixtures on the evolving structure. For this purpose we use a network model [3] based on the Onsager-de Groot-Callen theory. In the simulations we find that depending on the difference between the Seebeck coefficients of both materials either a well mixed or a segregated sintered structure is obtained.

- [1] D. Schwesig et al., Nanotechnology 22(13):135601, 2011
- [2] O. Guillon et al., Adv. Eng. Mater. 16(7):830, 2014
- [3] S. Angst, D.E. Wolf, preprint (2015)