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Reversal of gulf stream circulation in a vertically vibrated triangular fluidized bed

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Reversal of gulf stream circulation in a vertically vibrated triangular fluidized bed

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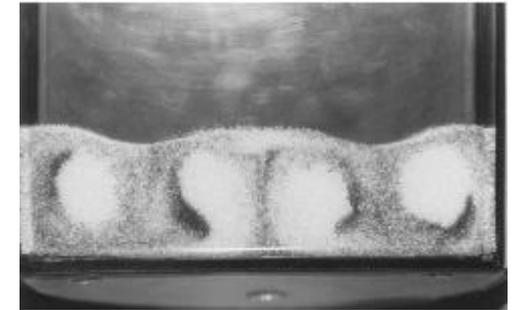
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2. Experimental setup
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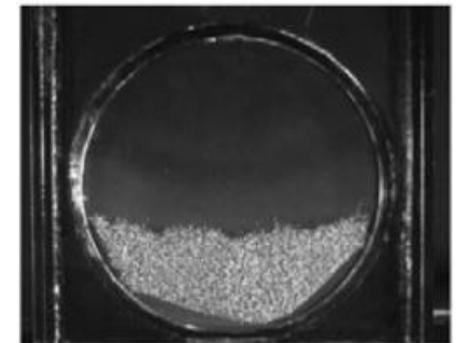
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- When vibration energy is introduced in a granular assembly, a great variety of phenomena can appear.
- The appearance of granular patterns in vibrated beds is not only restricted to square-shaped beds.
- Adding gas to a triangular or conical shaped bed → Aerated hoppers or spout fluidized beds.
- The present work aims at clarifying the effect of injecting gas through the inclined lateral walls of a vibrated pseudo-2D triangular bed and the identification of the different granular patterns observed.

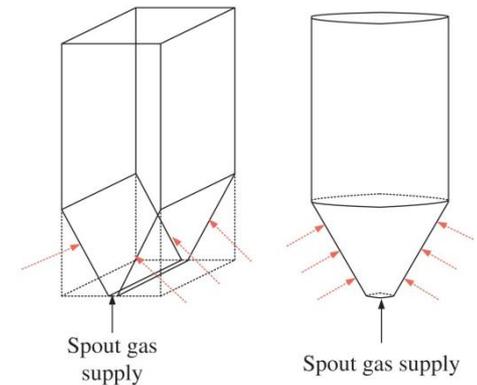


Aoki et al. (1996)

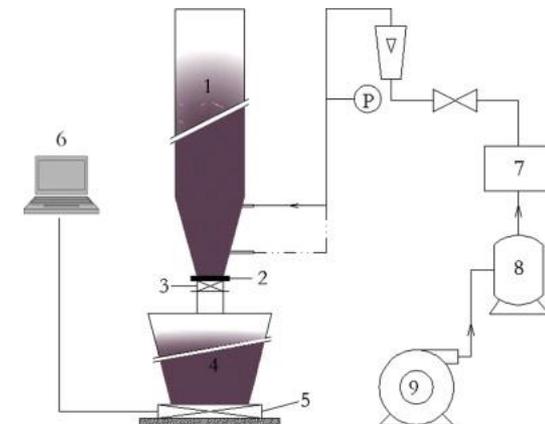


Lu et al. (2012)

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Sutkar et al. (2013)



Chen et al. (2011)

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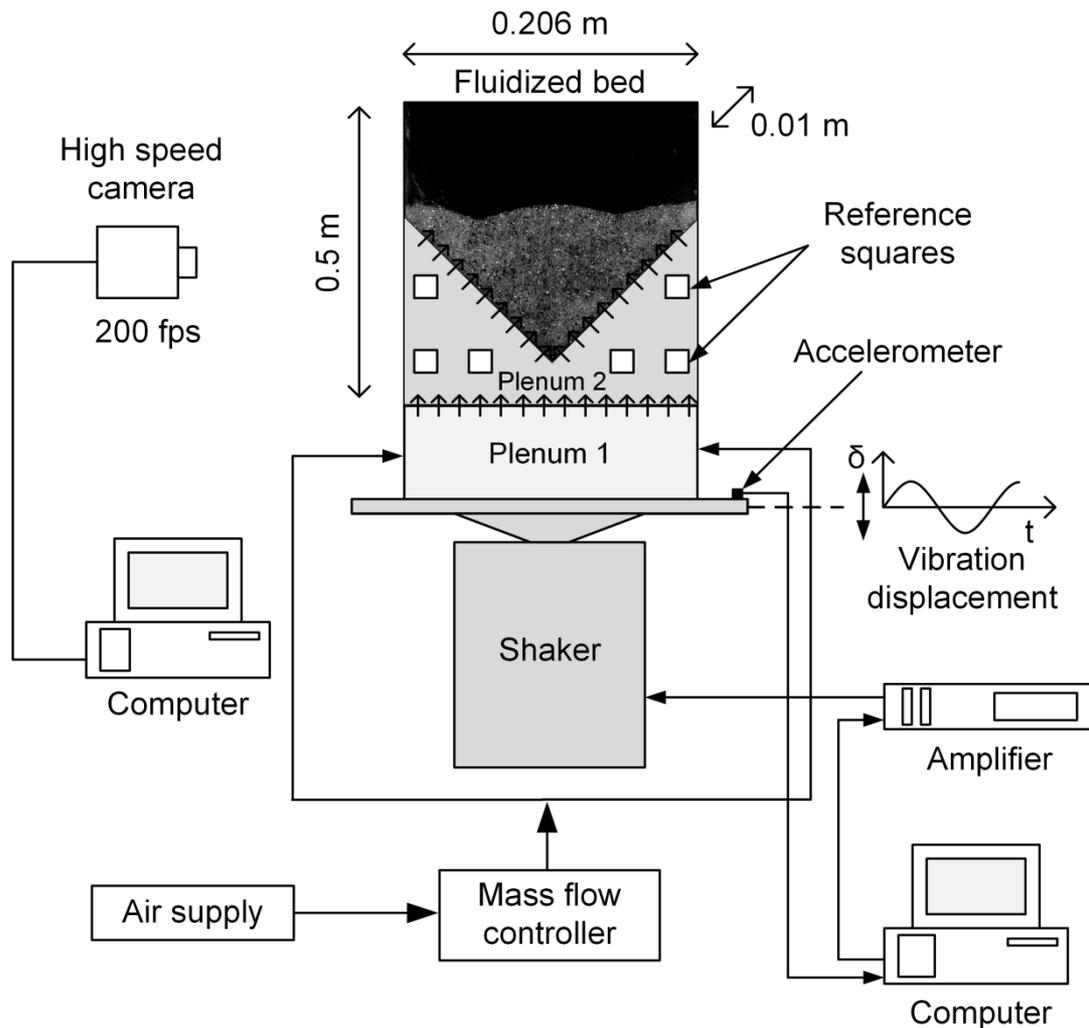


Table 1: Experimental conditions.

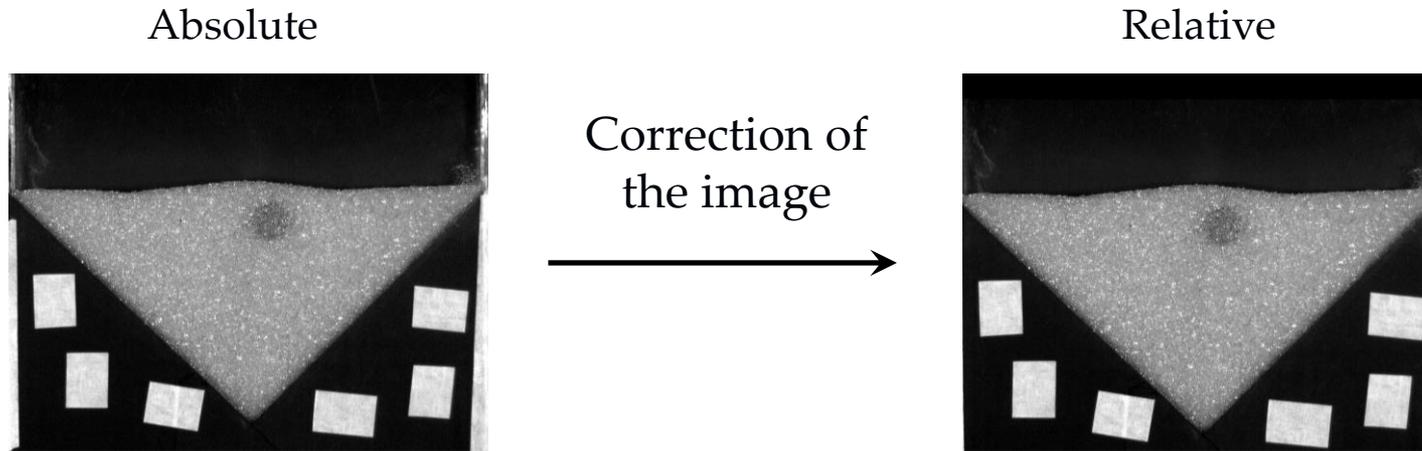
f (Hz)	Γ (-)	U_0/U_{mf} (-)
14	3.5	1.2
15	1.5	1.2
15	2	1.2
15	2.5	1.2
15	3	1.2
15	3.5	0.7, 0.9, 1, 1.1, 1.2
16	3.5	1.2

$$\Gamma = \frac{A(2\pi f)^2}{g}$$

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PIV (MatPIV) in a relative system of reference that moves with the bed



Overall average solids velocity



$$\bar{U}_s = \sum_{i=1}^N U_i(x, y) / N$$

Phase averaged solids velocity



$$\bar{U}_{s, \phi_k} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N U_{s,i}(x, y) \delta_{i,k}}{\sum_{i=1}^N \delta_{i,k}}$$

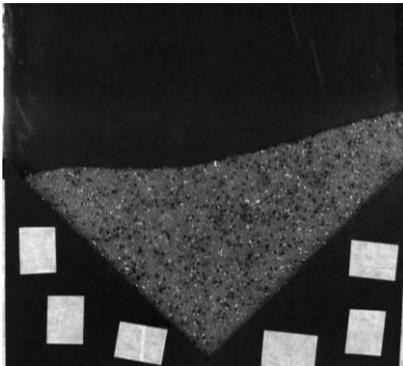
where $\delta_{i,k} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \frac{k-1}{2}\pi < \phi_i < \frac{k}{2}\pi \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ and $\phi_i = 2\pi ft$

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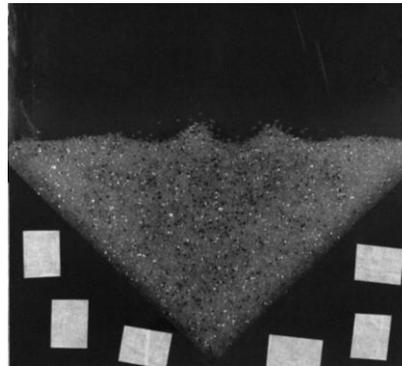
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Different behaviors were observed depending on the gas superficial velocity and the vibration strength and frequency:

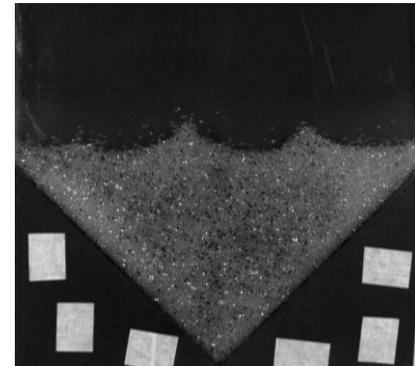
Tilting



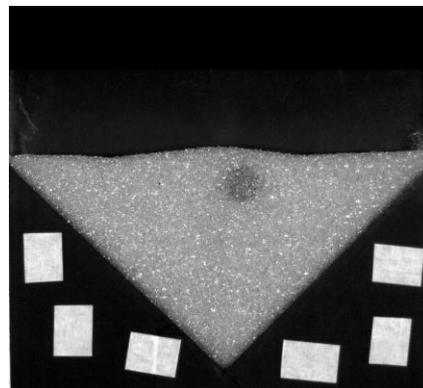
$f/2$ surface waves



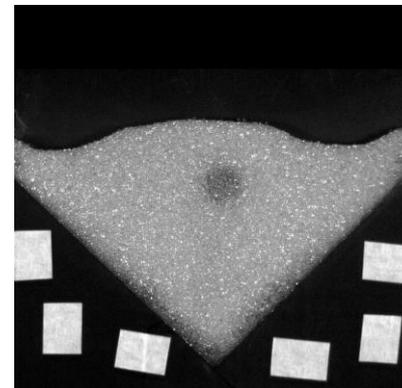
$f/4$ surface waves



Downward
convection



Reversed
convection

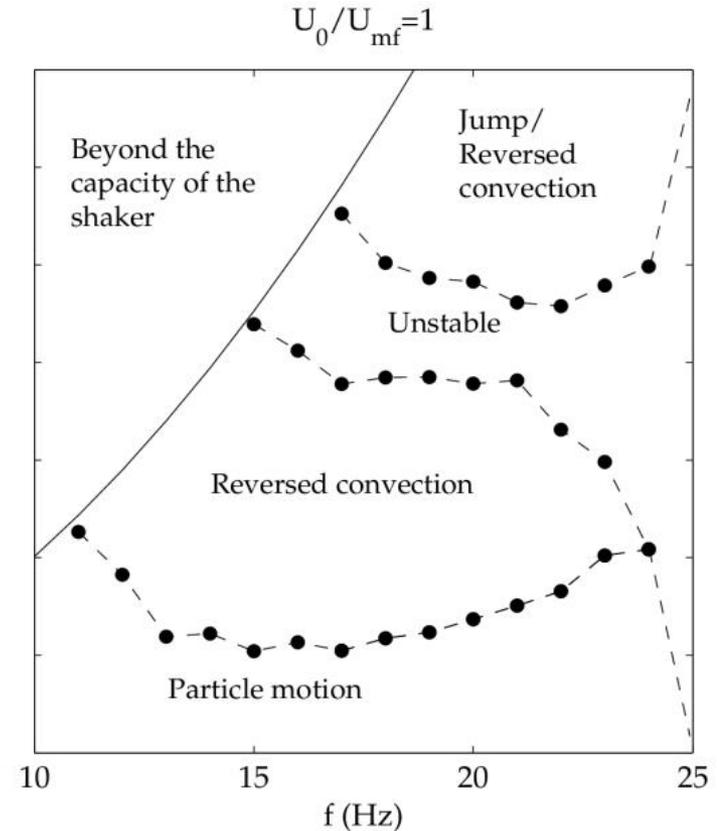
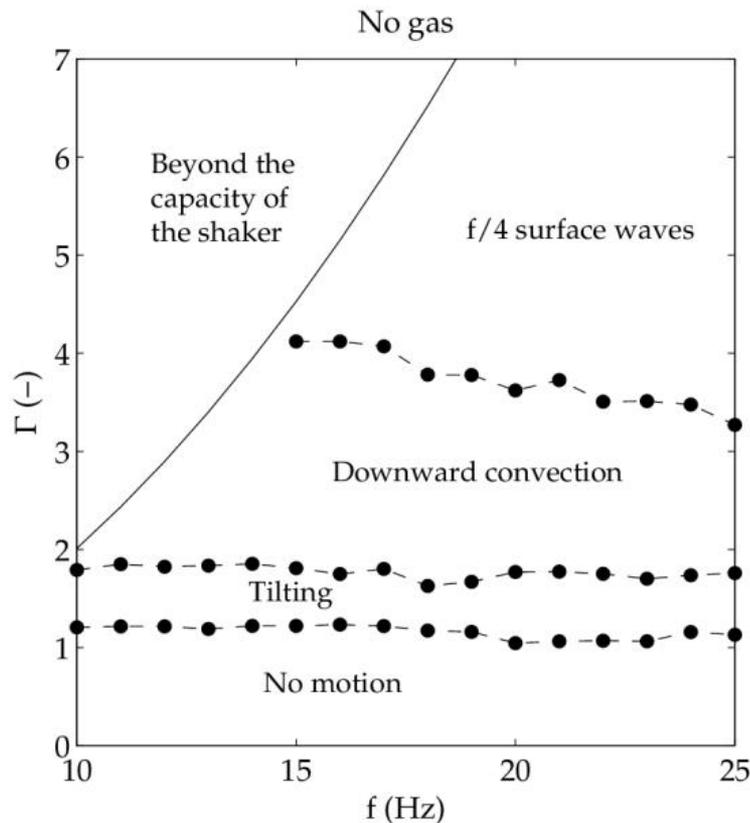


No gas
injection



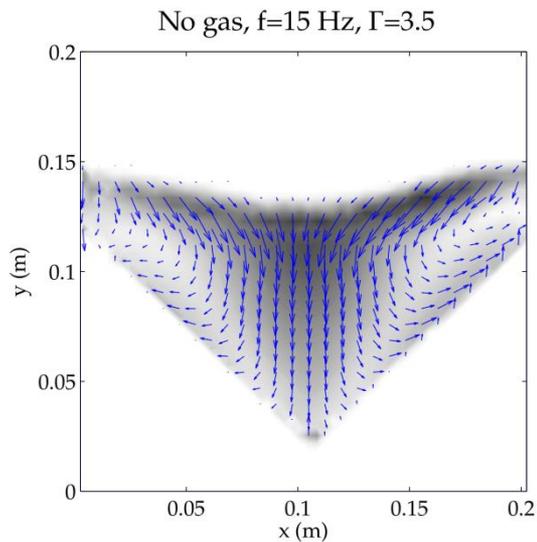
Gas
injection

Γ - f transition maps for different gas superficial velocities

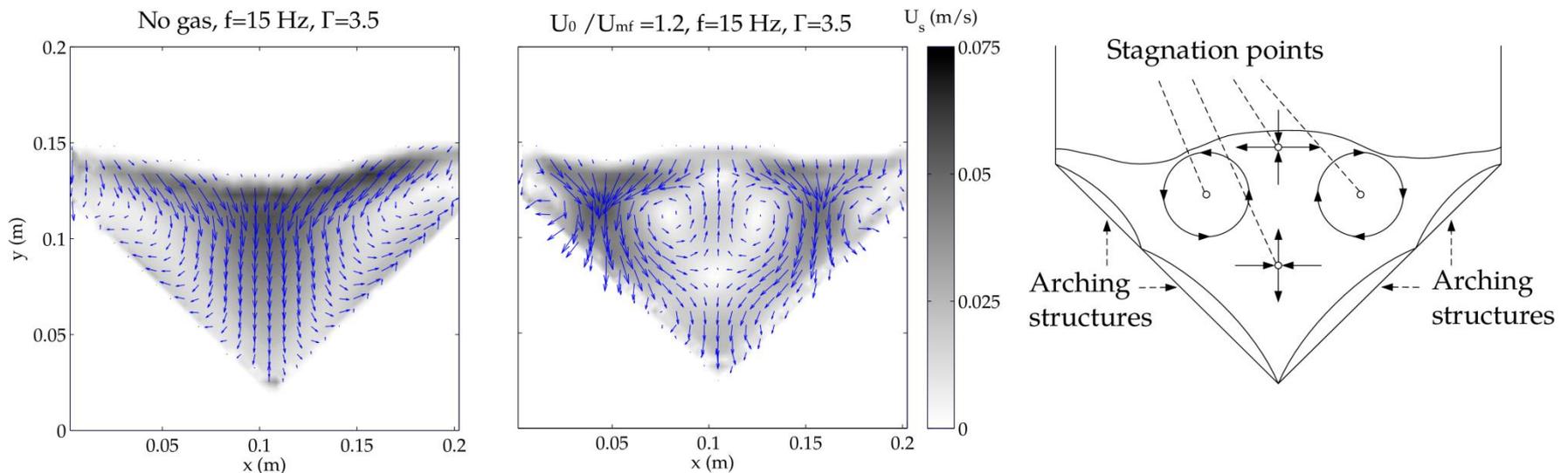


- Different granular patterns are observed
- **Regions of reversed gulf stream circulation of particles**

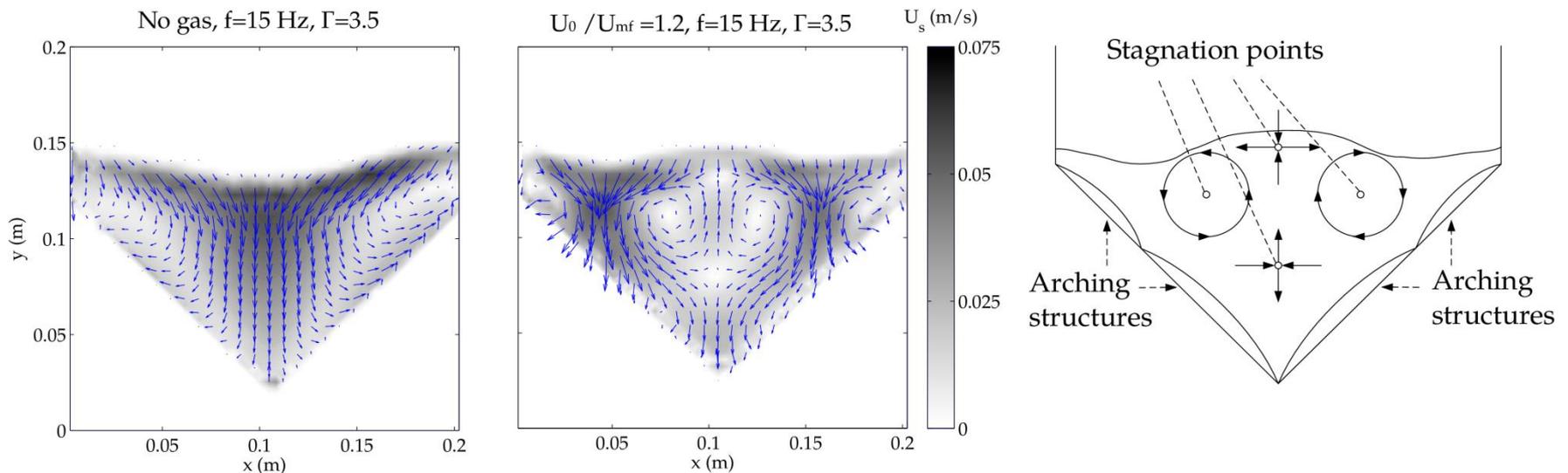
- Formation of arching structures close to the lateral walls of the bed
- Four stagnation points when the gulf stream circulation of particles is reversed.



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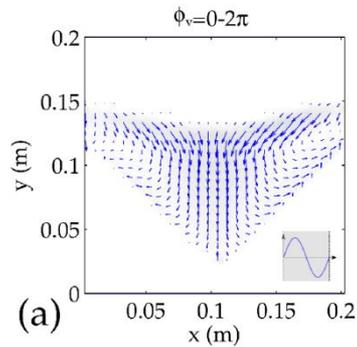
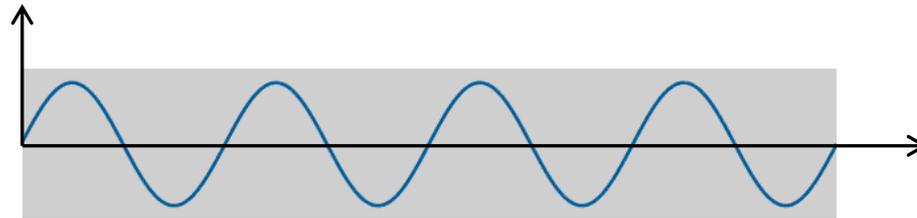


- Formation of arching structures close to the lateral walls of the bed
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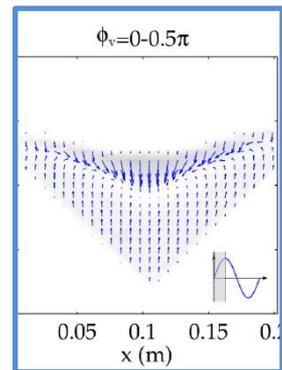
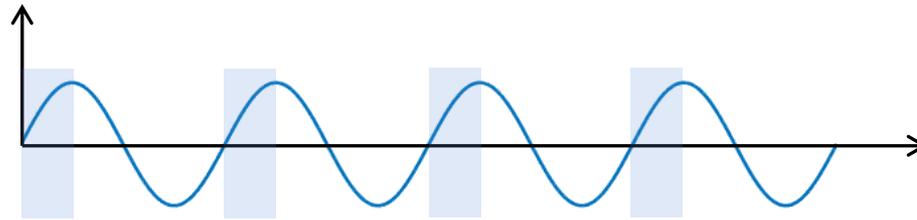


What is the cause of the convective motions?

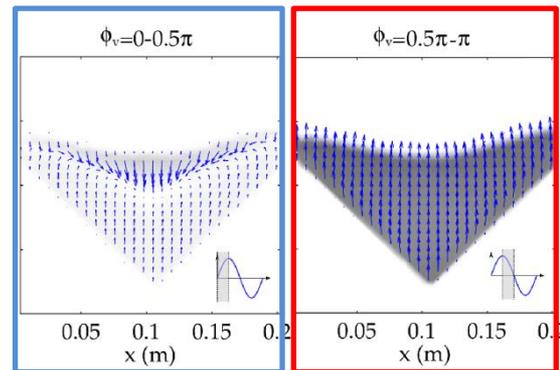
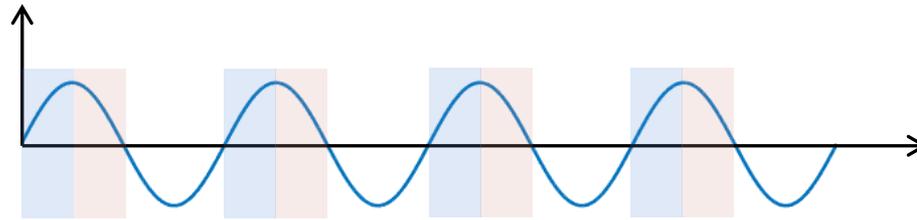
No gas, $f = 15$ Hz, $\Gamma = 3.5$



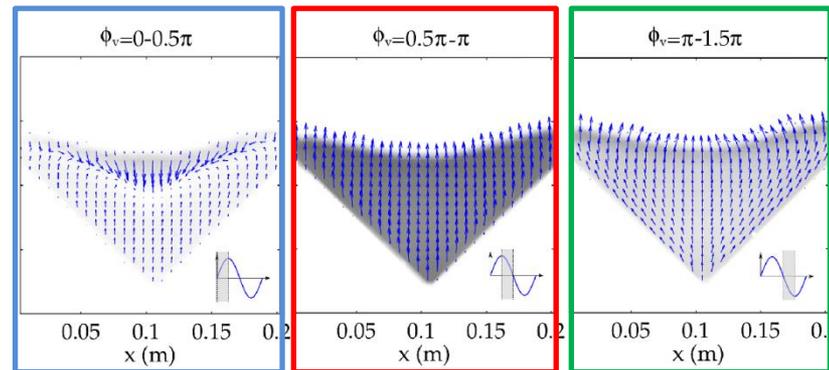
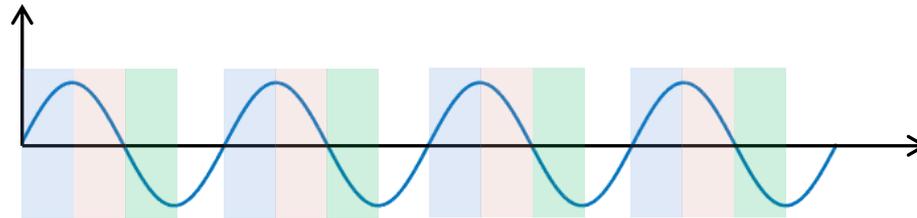
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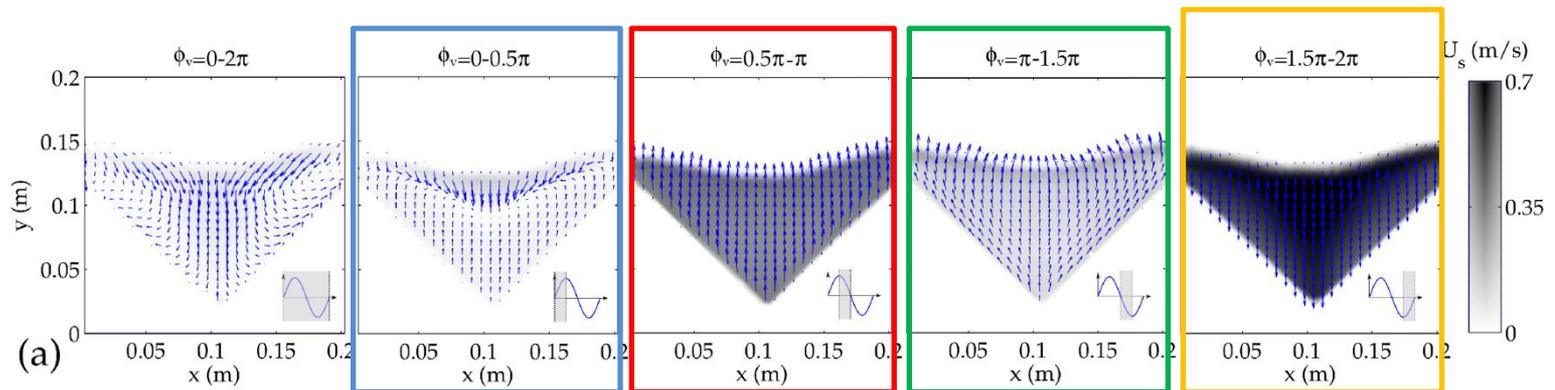
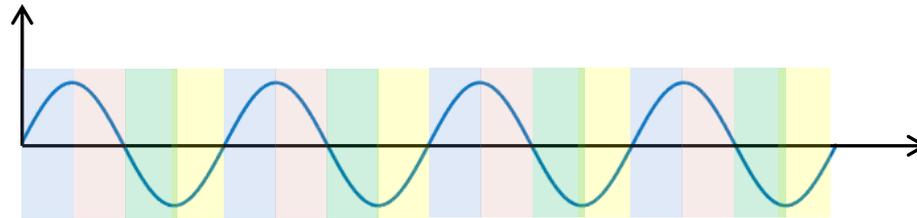
No gas, $f = 15$ Hz, $\Gamma = 3.5$



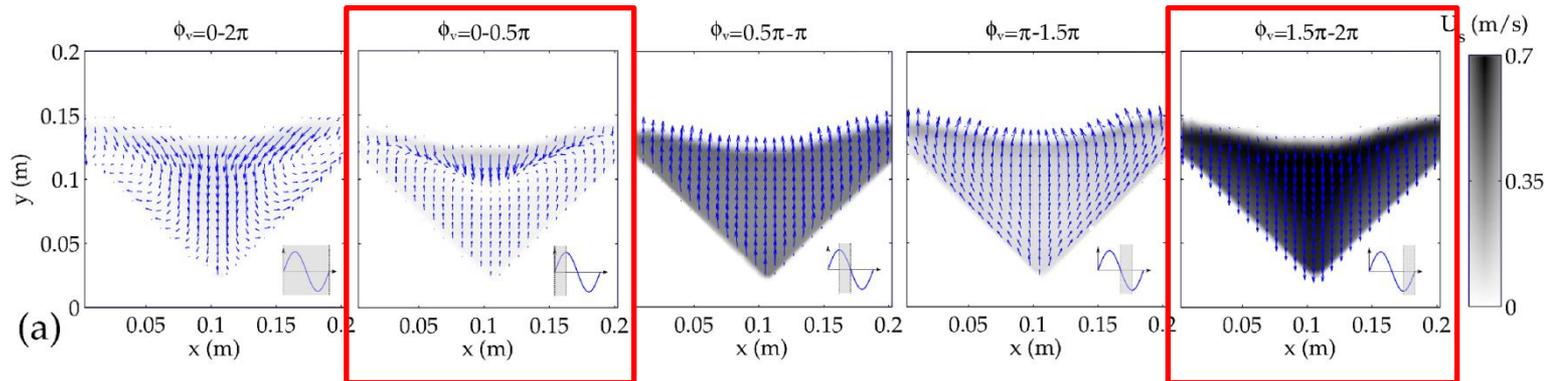
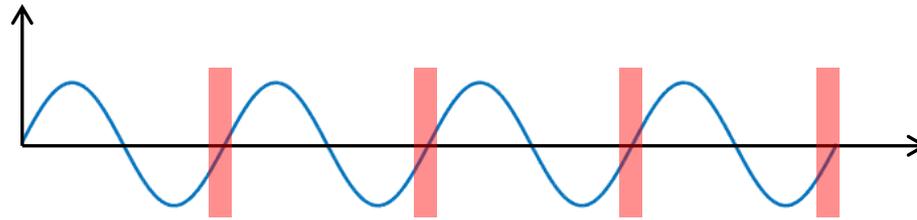
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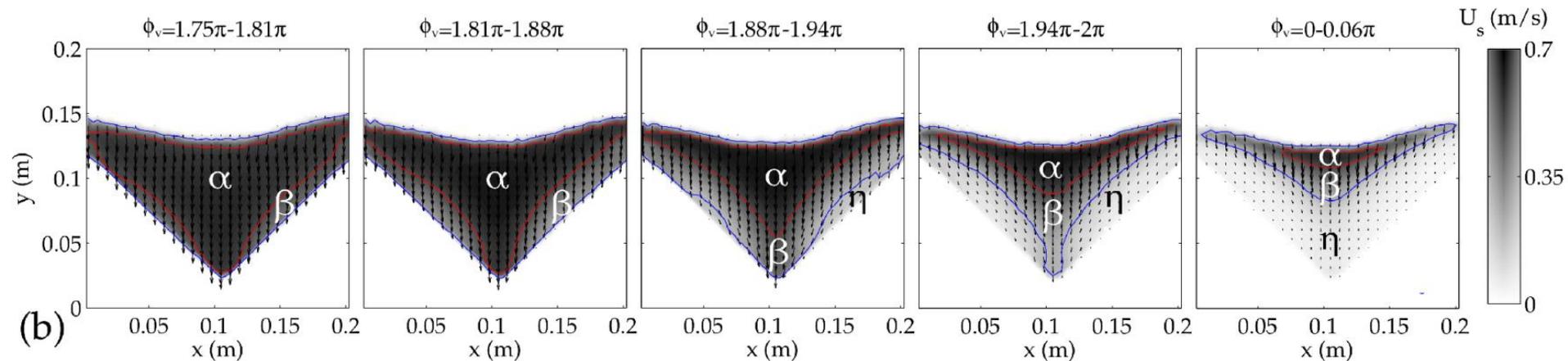
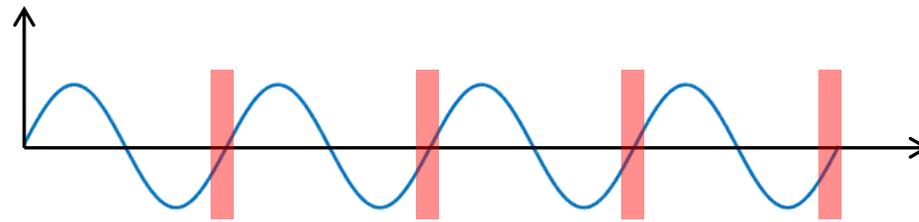


No gas, $f = 15$ Hz, $\Gamma = 3.5$



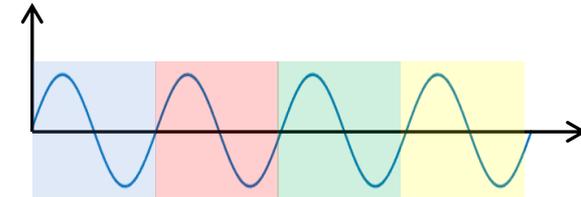
Impact of the bed bulk with the inclined walls

No gas, $f = 15$ Hz, $\Gamma = 3.5$

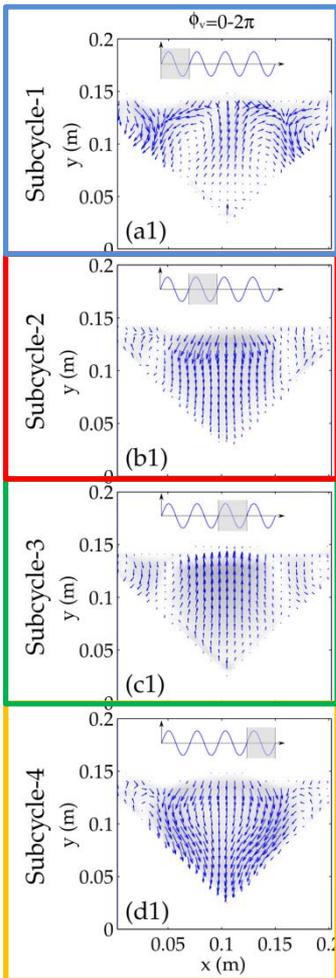


The impact wave propagates from the inclined walls to the central section of the bed.

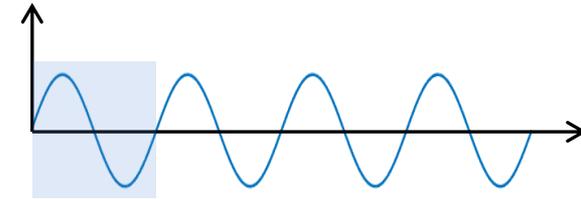
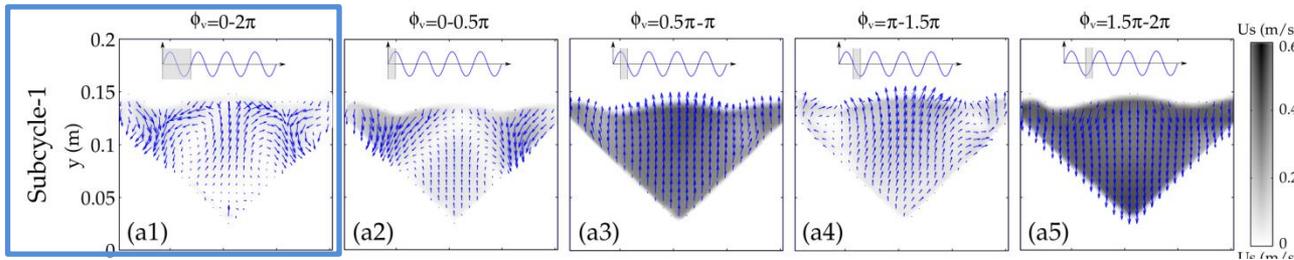
$$U_0/U_{mf} = 1.2, f = 15 \text{ Hz}, \Gamma = 3.5$$



- Four subcycles for each cycle of the bed bulk.
- Two regions: close to the lateral walls and center.
- Average particle motion \rightarrow reversal of the gulf stream circulation of particles.

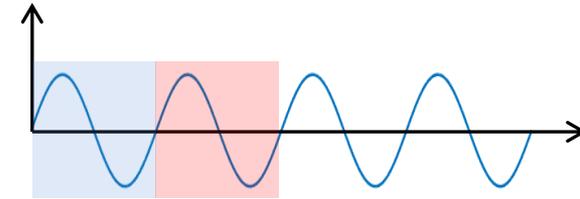
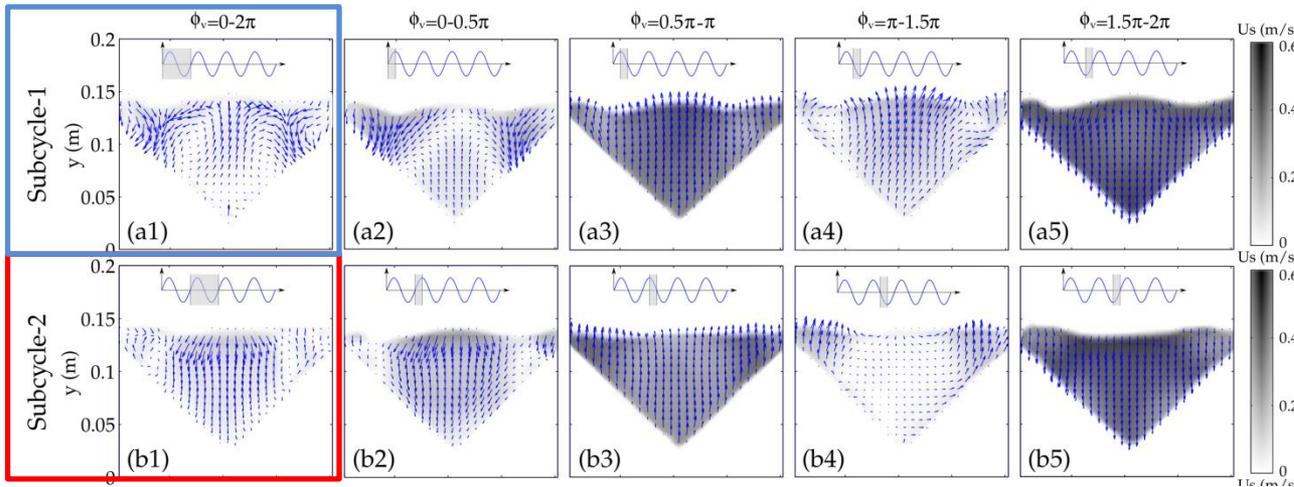


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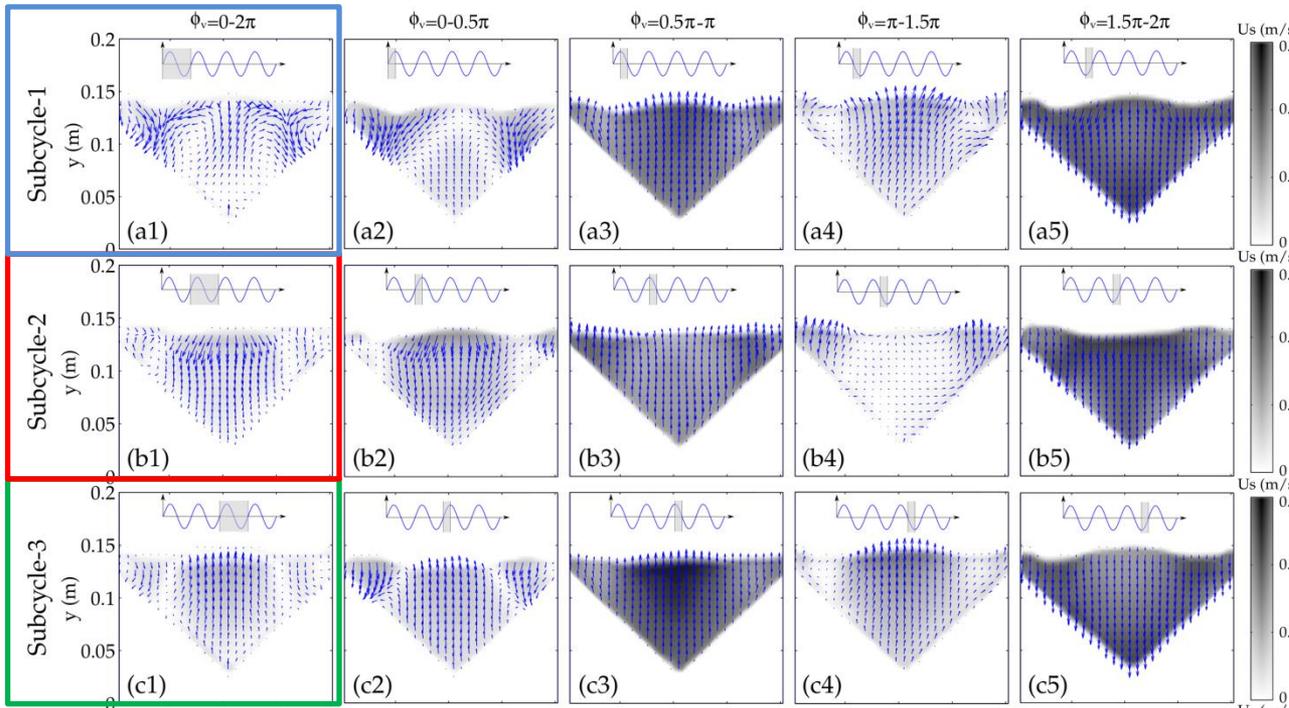
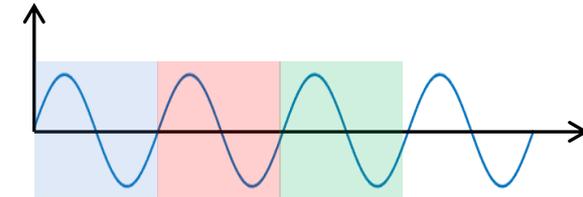
- Four subcycles for each cycle of the bed bulk.
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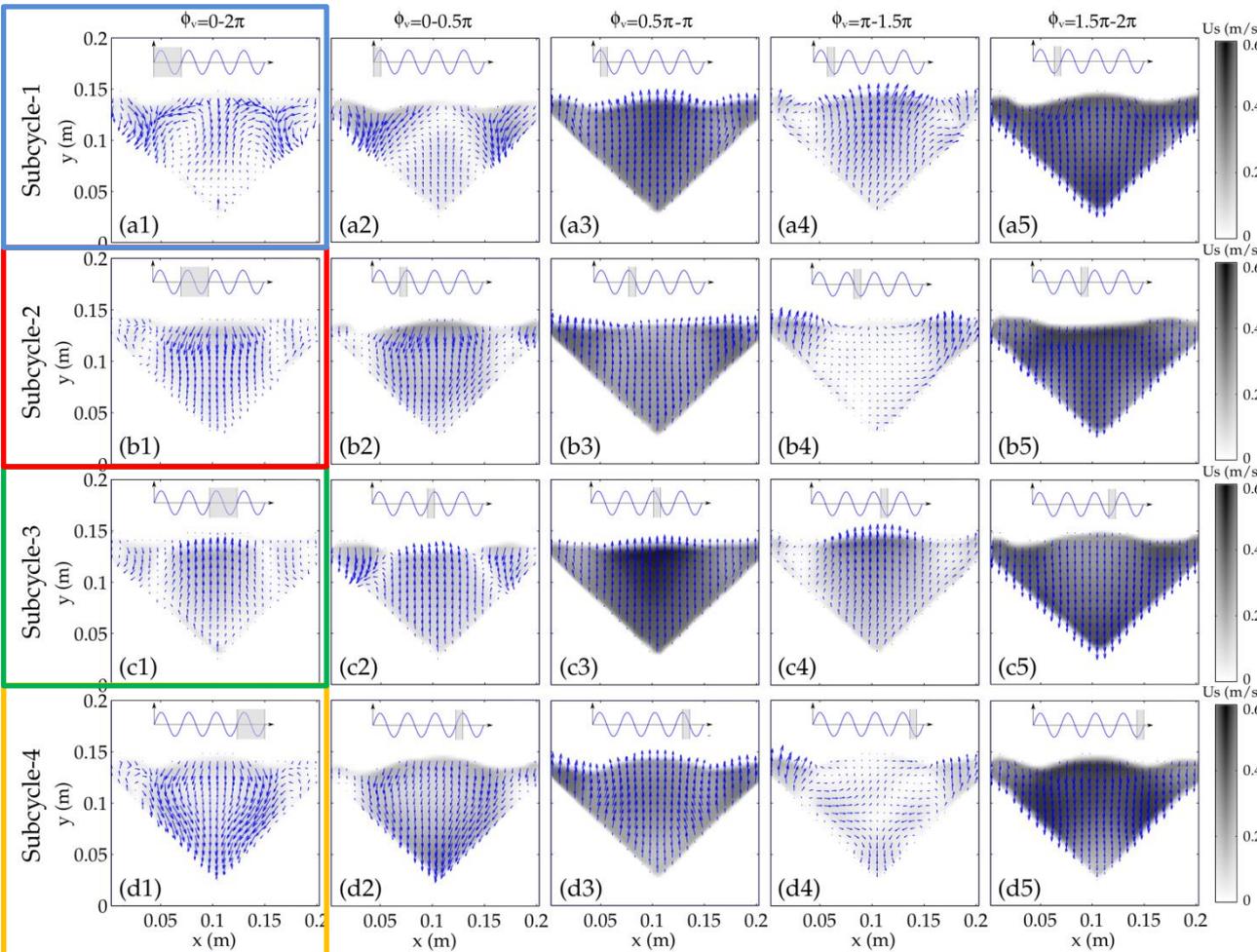
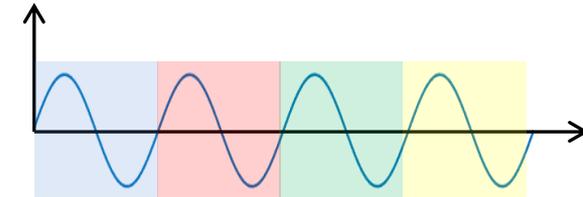
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- Gas injection through the inclined walls of the bed change the way particles behave in a fluidized bed of triangular shape.
- Different patterns, including tilting, $f/2$ and $f/4$ surface waves were observed.
- The gulf stream circulation of particles in the triangular bed could be reversed when injecting gas through the inclined walls.
- Several subcycles of vibration appear when gas is injected. The average particle motion after a whole cycle leads to the reversal of the gulf stream circulation.



ETH zürich

Segregation of equal-sized particles of different densities in a vertically

Thank you for your attention

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